

# The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 689

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19. 1737.

No. 697.

To the Author of the DAILY GAZETTEER.

SIR,  
YOUR inserting the following in your Paper, will oblige  
Your Constant Reader and Wellwisher,  
A. B.

FROM the earliest Account of Time to our present Days, History affords not one Instance of any Government, (tho' under the mildest and most prudent Administration) that ever subsisted without its Enemies.

To account for that Prejudice and Partiality, that malicious and restless Disposition of Men out of Favour and Power (Men, I mean, who would themselves alone have the Management of all Power and Prerogative) is no very hard Task to undertake. In general, this we know—that such Men will everlastingly complain;—nor can all the Denials, all the Proofs of their false Insinuations, work in them a Reformation to Truth.

As we happen to have too many of such Stamp now among us, it has led me to reflect on the Justness of their Clamour and Wranglings; and also to consider who those are that do complain. First, then, as to the Reasonableness of their Complaints.

WHEN we look into the World, and take a View of Mankind, in their several Stations and Professions, we immediately form a Judgment of the agreeable Situation of Life they are in, from their Manner of Appearance and Behaviour. Hence, likewise, prudent and impartial Men generally conclude the Order and Management of that Seat of Government they live under, and are subject to.

Nothing can more clearly demonstrate the Temporal Happiness of any People, nothing can more evidently point out to us the happy State of a Nation, than the flourishing Condition of its Trade, and the Appearance and Figure in Life the Trading Men generally make.

WHEN we see Men in Trade, from small Beginnings, acquire thousands, and ten thousands, in a Series of a very few Years!—When we see Men in Trade capable of living in the most genteel and elegant Manner, hardly to be distinguished from others of 1000 or 5000 per Ann. Estate!—When we trace down even to the lowest Mechanicks, and observe them appear in a polite and gay Strain of Life!

WHEN we see Tradesmen retiring two or three Days in a Week from the Fatigue of Business, to a rural House, or Lodging, enjoying themselves in the greatest Pleasures (almost) the Country can afford, and every Thing about them suitable to the State of the Times; and for their Preservation of Health having the sweet and refreshing Effluvia of Hampstead, Highgate, Enfield, and Epsom Air!—When, I say, such and the like Varieties of Life become familiar to the major Part, What Room, or Cause, can there be for Complaint? Unless all Mankind would be upon an Equality, without endeavouring the Means.

LET us then examine, how far the foregoing Characters are capable of squaring with our present Situation.

CAN it with Truth be said, That all Degrees and Ranks of People (particularly those who are at present in Trade) ever made a better Figure than now? Or ever enjoyed their Liberties in a more extensive Manner?

LET us step into any creditable Tradesman's Shop, either in City or Suburbs (and I don't doubt the modest Mr. D'Anvers will readily give a Meeting for such Purpose.)

LET us take a Turn round the Change, or cast an Eye over a Paper at any Coffee-house, and see what Figure every Man there makes; and surely what I assert will be justly confirmed. And from every such Appearance we certainly must judge, how Matters (with the greatest Probability) are with 'em. Unless they deceive themselves and all Mankind, and even sacrifice their Interest, to appear to the World, what they really are not.

WHETHER this is not a fair Way of Arguing, I leave to the Consideration of every discreet and thinking Man; notwithstanding all the Calumny, all the Falsties, some Men would unjustly insinuate, against our present happy Constitution, and its Supports.

To go farther.—Is there any among us injured in any Shape whatever, and has he not the Law to redress himself? That very Law which the Prince, as well as the meanest Subject, obliges himself to abide by?

THE very Nature and End of Government is such, That for the Preservation of the Whole, it will sometimes happen that a Few, for a while, labour under Inconveniencies.—But is this Tyranny, Oppression, and the Lord knows what?

Is Men to aggrandize themselves, in a hasty, and imprudent Manner, will launch into Extremes, one Way or another, they must submit to the Consequences, and themselves alone are only to blame.

BUT what seems most extraordinary is, to observe with how much Anxiety and Attention many unthinking Wretches will lend an Ear to a Prejudic'd, Partial Harangue, from those very Men To-Day, whose Speeches were Yesterday (to speak comparatively) as distant from their Present, as their Present Attempts are foreign from Sincerity and Truth.

CAN any thing be more ridiculous, than to hear some out of Power, eternally puffing Liberty, and a Love of their Country; and railing against those very Transactions which themselves gave a Sanction, and real Approbation to, at a Time when they had the Honour of being in some Share of Management in Affairs. Strange indeed! that a few Weeks, nay almost one Day, should work such a surprising Change in Men's Honour and Consciences, who have thought, and always acted, contrary for Years together.

YET so attractive and engaging, is the Charm of Scandal to some, that they fondly cherish such Snakes in their Bosom.

BUT what does all their Preaching, all the Canting for Liberty amount to?

WHY truly to insinuate into the Minds of such who will hearken to 'em; that Liberty—is breathing its last Gasps!—Property—no Man enjoys!—Taxes—they'd have none! No! Let Majesty support its own Dignity.—(But wou'd they have a Caesar, and pay no Tribute.)—And in short, that unless they are taken in, and all others turned out of the Administration, the Interest of King and People ate, and ever will be incompatible, and disunited!—Than which, to assert, nothing can be more wicked, and unjust.

SUCH, and the like Notions, are what these false Prophets would propagate and instil into the Hearts and Minds of Weak, and unthinking Men. And indeed it's to be lamented, That in all Nations, all Places, there are but too many (either from mere Prejudice, or want of Thought) take the Infection of such Base Designs.—But it is well known, that to one of these Philistines, there are one Hundred Sampsons (i.e. good Subjects) tho' one Sampson in Fact, were sufficient to balance the Argument.

CAN we then let Reason give way to such factious Scribbles? Shall we tamely suffer ourselves to be misguided, and led into Labyrinths of Confusion, by Men whose very Writings discover their hearty Wishes to subvert all Order and Government among us?

MEN who have dar'd, have boldly dar'd! to break in even upon the Sacredness of Majesty itself; and unjustly abus'd, almost every Individual who have the singular Honour of being immediately near his Royal Person.

MEN, whose only Aim is to sow Discord, and Distraction, Animosity and Confusion, into the Hearts of all those who will adhere to their Persuasions; and are always ready with false Suggestions, and low Flashes of Wit, to hide the Nakedness of their base Insinuations, against the Best of Kings, and Mildest Government: For I defy all the Babels of Iniquity, to trace down even from William the Conqueror, and prove a Happier Seat of Government, than that we now live under:—And against them, I'll take upon me plainly to make appear, much the absolute Contrary.—Contraries in such Shapes, that ought to make us bleis these Days we live in.

SHALL we then, my worthy Countrymen, suffer our Reason to be plunder'd, and our Judgment play'd upon, by such Engines of Mischief; and barter every Sparkle of our Duty to God, Loyalty to our King, and Love to ourselves and Posterity, to follow a Herd to Destruction? No! surely we cannot.

UNTHINKING Men will ever tread in the Paths of Error, and blindly follow the Dictates of Prejudice; and for the Lucre of Shadows divert themselves from the Substance of every Blessing (more or less) they at present Enjoy. But let not that be our Channel.

TIMES were ever hard; Governments ever bad, with factious Men out of Power.

BUT are these the Patrons of Liberty? are these Examples we ought to follow? Men! who would initiate us in Sin, merely to destroy others for the Sake of their private Pique and Relentment!

## HOME PORTS.

Portsmouth, Sept. 16. Since my last came the Unity, Masters, from Faro; the Richard and Francis, Dickson, from Cadiz; and the Neptune, Gourley, from Middleburg for Cadiz. Sailed the Mary, Perkins, for Lisbon; the Mary, Kemp, for ditto; and the Freefolk Sloop, Alexander, and the St. Barbe, for Cadiz. At Spithead is arrived the Concordia, Peter Christianton, from Longfount. His Majesty's Ship the Blandford, Capt. Burdett, is sailed from Spithead with Money for Plymouth. Wind S.

Deal, Sept. 16. Wind S.W. Remain in the Downs the Three Brothers, Yeomans, for —; the John and Mary, Voss, from Hamburg for Cadiz; the Nassau, Waller, for Guiney; the Mary, Lawrence, for Barcelona; the Leghorn, Werry, for Leghorn; the Burton, Paterson, and the Samuel and Elizabeth, Mathews, for Lisbon. Put back the Nassau, Buskin, for Lisbon; the Constant Patty, Burdon, for Faro. Arrived the Santa Susannah, Del Mello, from Bilbao; the Mary, Sheppard, from Cetta; the John and Charles, Hammond, from Lamatta; the Gedeon, Bradshaw, from Majorca; the Port Merchant, Mathews, from San Lucar; the Elizabeth, Trowles, from Virginia.

Deal, Sept. 17. Wind N.W. Several of the outward bound Ships, as per last, are under sail for the Westward. Arrived his Majesty's Ship the Lyme, and sailed thro' for the River; the Duke of Lorain, Phillips, from Gallipoly; the Good Intent, Quarant, from ditto; the Yeomans and Sawcott, Wedge, from Antigua; the Endeavour Hartley, from Alicant; the Phoenix, Brown, from the Northward. Came down and sailed the Diligence, Wood, for Barbados; the Providence, Stewart; the Dispatch, Ladd; and the Elizabeth, Goodman, for Ireland.

Gravesend, Sept. 16. Yesterday passed by the Mary and Elizabeth, Hammond, from Dunkirk; the Moor's, Moore, from Diep; and this Day the Margaret, Whiteing, from Zant.

The Phillippa, Woodhouse, from Zant, is arrived at Plymouth.

## L O N D O N.

On Tuesday last came on at Guildhall before the Lord Mayor and one of the Aldermen, being Justices of Peace for the City of London, a Trial of a Coach and Six Horses, which were seized by one of the Officers of his Majesty's Customs, for being employ'd in bringing about Three hundred Pounds of Run Tea into the City; when the said Coach and Horses, after a full Hearing of Council on both Sides, were Condemned, and will be publicly sold; which, 'tis hoped, will be a Warning to all Coachmen and others, not to be concerned in carrying Run Goods for the future.

On Saturday Morning last died of the Gout in his Stomach Mr. John Kellaway, an eminent Packer in Old Broadstreet.

Thomas Gibson, Esq; Member of Parliament for Yarmouth, who in one of our former Papers was said to be very dangerously ill, is perfectly recovered.

On Friday last, between Six and Seven in the Evening, Mr. Matthew Beachcroft, an eminent Merchant of this City, going in his Chariot, with

Footman



Footman behind, to his House at Wansted, was attacked by a single Highwayman about half a Mile beyond the Green Man on the Caulway, who robbed him of a Gold Watch, a Moidore, and 12s in Silver, and made off undiscovered: He is supposed to be the Highwayman who robbed the Daughters of Mr. Joshua Baker near the same Place.

On Friday next comes on the Election for a Sur-Master of St. Paul's School, in the Room of Mr. Greenwood, deceased; for which Place there are several Candidates, but it is thought that the Rev. Mr. Clarke, the present third Master of the said School, will be chose.

On Wednesday next, being St. Matthew's Day, the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, and the rest of the Governors of Christ's-Hospital, will meet in the great Hall of the said Hospital, from whence they'll proceed to Christ-Church to hear a Sermon; after which, and hearing an Oration in the Grammar-School, by Two of the Scholars, in Praise of their Benefactors, they will return to the Hall, where an elegant Dinner will be provided for them, according to Custom.

On Saturday last was held an Adjournment Sessions at Hicks's-Hall, for the County of Middlesex, when Nine Prisoners confined in Newgate for Debt, received the Benefit of the late Act for Insolvency: After which the Court adjourned to Thursday next, in Order to discharge the Remainder.

We hear that the Report of the 15 Malefactors under Sentence of Death in Newgate, will be made to His Majesty in Council on Thursday next.

The Report of the Lord Archibald Hamilton, one of the Lords of the Admiralty, having resigned his Post, as mentioned in some Papers, is without Foundation.

His Grace the Duke of Richmond, Master of the Horse to His Majesty, has appointed Mr. John Clift, one of his Grace's Domesticks, to be one of the King's Footmen, in the Room of Mr. Smith, deceased.

Last Saturday Night the Right Hon. the Countess of Gainsborough was safely delivered of a Daughter, at the Earl's House in Pallmall.

On Thursday last Thomas Grey, Esq; kiss'd His Majesty's Hand, on his being promoted to a Cornetcy in the Regiment of Horse-Guards, Blue, commanded by his Grace the Duke of Argyle and Greenwich.

On Saturday last Mr. Paterson, going from Uxbridge to Hillingdon, was attacked by 2 Foot-Pads, who robbed him of 4 Guineas, a Silver Watch, and some Silver, and then made off.

Last Saturday their Majesties, his Highness the Duke, and the Princesses, took the Diversion of hunting a Stag, which afforded them a pleasant Chase of about 4 Hours, when taking to Windsor-Forest, His Majesty was pleased to order his Life to be spared, and about 4 o'Clock returned to Hampton-Court to Dinner.

One of His Majesty's Yachts is ordered to Calais, to bring over their Graces the Duke and Duchess of Dorset, who have been some Time at Namur in Flanders, to pay a Visit to the Honourable General Collier, her Grace's Father.

On Saturday Evening Mr. Bland, a Farmer, going from Walham-Green to Hammer-smith, was attacked on Blue-Green by 2 Foot-Pads, who knock'd him off his Horse, took from him a Guinea and some Silver, beat him in a very barbarous Manner, tied him to a Tree, and left him.

Last Friday died at Sheerness in Kent, Capt. Joseph Lane.

Last Saturday Night the Corpse of Mr. Van Culmar, Uncle to her Grace the Dutchess of Chandos, was interred in St. James's Church, Westminster.

Yesterday William Noel of Barnet, Esq; was married to Miss Jackson, only Daughter of Daniel Jackson, Esq; of the County of Middlesex.

Last Friday Morning at 7 o'Clock, Mr. John Walker a Cornfactor, was robbed at Bays-water near Tyburn, by two Foot Pads, who took from him a Silver Watch, 4 Guineas, and his Hat and Wig, and then made off.

This Evening the Corpse of the Hon. Mrs. Talbot, Wife of the Honourable John Talbot, Esq; who lately died at his House in Bloomsbury Square, is to be interred in St. Giles's Church in the Fields, in a Vault of her Ancestors.

A Treaty of Marriage is on foot between John Crawley, Esq; Member of Parliament for Marlborough in Wilts, and Miss Sambrooke, Sister to Sir Jeremy Sambrooke, a young Lady of great Merit and Fortune.

Last Saturday Morning died in an advanced Age, at his House at Acton, John Phillips, Esq; a Gentleman possessed of a plentiful Estate.

## BANKRUPT.

Abdias Halls, of Chesterton in the County of Cambridge, Maltster.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	06 30	07 00

Bank Stock 146. India 178 1-half. South Sea 102 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity 112 for the Opening New ditto, 111 1-4th. Three per Cent. 106 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 114 to 1-4th. Five per Cent. 103 1-8th. Royal Assurance 109. London Assurance 14 7-8ths to 15. African 14. New India Bonds 61. 29s. Premium. Old ditto 61. 17s. Prem. South Sea ditto 51. Prem. New Bank Circulation 5s. 6d. Prem. Salt Talties 1 to 5 Premium. English Copper 21. 12s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent ditto 3 1-8th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 123 1-half. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 9s. 6d. to 10s. Stamp Tickets 4 l. 11s. 6d. to 12s.

Custom House, London, Sept. 16, 1737.  
For S A L E.

By Order of the Honourable Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON Wednesday the 28th of September 1737, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-house, London, a Parcel of Borea and Green Tea, Coffee, Brandy, Rum and Geneva, and several Casks of Refused Wines. To be seen at the King's Warehouse on Monday and Tuesday the 26th and 27th Instant, and on the Morning before the Sale.

Catalogues to be had at the King's Warehouse on Monday the 26th Instant.

For Sale by the Candle,

On Friday the 30th of September 1737, at Lloyd's Coffee-House in Lombard-street at 12 o'Clock at Noon,



**THE Good Ship Robert**

and Mary, as She came from Sea; Pink Stern'd, British built, Burthen 160 Tons more or less, with proportionable Dimensions, now lying in the great Wet Dock,

PETER DUNSCOMBE late Commander. Inventories to be seen on board the said Ship, and at the Place of Sale.

To be sold by ABRAHAM COLEMAN, Legal Broker, living in Mincing-Lane.

## The famous Original Specifick Injection or Lotion,

Which in Twenty two Years private Practice, hath cured 1485 Gonorrhoeas or Claps, (without taking any Medicine by the Mouth) and since September was Two Years 1357 in the publick Way; and will prevent either Pox or Clap, as Thousands have experienced.

Those that use this Medicine, always know where to find the Author.

It entirely destroys and carries off all Venereal Infection, because it reaches the Cause immediately which no Medicine taken by the Mouth can do, and therefore prevents all the doleful Attendants of impure Embraces. *Sublata Causa solvit Affectus*. It is not only an Antidote against the Disease, but the Poison of other Remedies.

N. B. Reason and Experience first recommended it to the Publick; the great Satisfaction it gives, and the great Demand for it, convinces me more and more of its extensive Use. It also cures the Whites and Barrenness in Women, and Impotency in Men.

It is sold only by Mr. John King, at his Picture-Shop in the Poultry, near Stocks-market, by Mr. Thomas Read, Printer, in Dogwell Court in White Fryars, Fleet-street, London; by William Evans, Bookseller in Bristol; and by Thomas Price, Bookseller, in Gloucester; at 7s. 6d. a Bottle, which is wrapp'd and sealed up with Directions (a proper Instrument a Shilling.) Ask for a Bottle of Wash.

It is to be observed, (For the Satisfaction of all Persons, who are fearful and doubtful of using any Publick Medicines)

That there never was, nor will be, a good and beneficial Medicine published to the World, without finding Enemies, whose Interest it is, not only to decry and vilify, but often to counterfeit it; and the better the Medicine, the greater the Opposition: Therefore all doubtful People should have Recourse to Experience, the infallible Attester of Truth, without Prejudice or Partiality. Let them enquire of the Success of the Medicine, either where it is sold, but rather of those who have used it; and if they are informed the Effects of it answer the Intentions, let them freely use it, without regarding what Malice, Interest, or Prejudice may suggest against it.

Letters Patent are obtaining, for preventing Impositions.

Admiralty Office, Sept. 15, 1737.

THE Governors of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commission and Warrent Officers of the Royal Navy, intending to distribute some Relief to the Widows of Husbands died before the 30th of August 1732, and whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment: These are to give Notice, That Copies of the said Rules are lodged with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth; as also with the Clerks of the Chique at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale; where they may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose: But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above mentioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Esq; at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And they are desired to bring or send their Certificates or Affidavits to the said Office before the 30th Day of November next.

## The SWANZET WATERS

Having been found by Experience

to cure FLUXES and HÆMORRAGES, both internal and external, Seminal and other Weaknesses in both Sexes, decay'd and lost Appetites, Indigestion, Nauseatings, Retchings, the Effects of Hard Drinking or Fast Living; and as from their Styrick and sanative Quality, they instantly stop Bleedings, and heal all fresh Wounds apply'd in time, bidding fairest of any Medicine hitherto discovered, for the Cure of Consumptions and Ulcerations of the Lungs, if not too far advanced; and from a Natural Combination and Proportion of sulphurous, aluminous and vitriolic Particles (not to be attained to by Art) being a most effectual and expeditious Remedy in a Diabetes, a sovereign Restorative in broken Constitutions, bracing up and renewing the lost Force of the Parts, increasing the elastic Power of the Nerves and Muscles, invigorating the Blood, and enlivening the Spirits, opening Obstructions, and being highly approved of in Pains, Rheumatisms, Dropsies (after Tapping or Pumping) Hydrops and other Disorders, the Proprietor of these Waters acquaints the Publick, That they are now to be sold at Daniel's Coffee-house near the End of Chancery Lane in Fleet-street, at the Rate of 8s. the Dozen in Bottles.

N. B. As great Numbers of Persons, who make Voyages to those Countries which are subject to Fluxes are carry'd off with that Distemper, the Proprietor of these Waters will frequently have a sufficient Quantity of them in London and most of the Sea Port Towns, in order to supply Merchants and Seafaring Persons therewith. Proper Directions for their Use will be given at the Place of Sale.

These Waters will keep well several Years, and the using some Part of a Bottle, and opening of it often, occasions no Decay in the Water, or Diminution of its Virtue.

## Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons

allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequence, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infect the whole Nervous System, often bring on Heetick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Urinary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by using only a small Quantity of a transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRACTIVE ELECTUARY, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years been experience'd never to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRACTIVE ELECTUARY, is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthening the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immovable degree, inasmuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out, and all Persons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surpris'd at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and All who ever took it for any of the above-mentioned Purposes have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Effect, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radcliffe's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is entirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.